There are many aspects of daily life which Calvin & Hobber fails to address because of its limitations — things like romance and sex, for example. Peer pressure, politics, pornography, and the police aren't discussed, either. But no one book can give us all the answers to anything, anyway! It's a mistake to expect to find universal solutions or critiques in any one place. On that note, I hope you'll check out the Bibliography on the next page. It's full of further reading suggestions for nearly every topic covered in this book (and a few that aren't). Personally, I felt that Calvin & Hobbes helped make me more receptive to certain ideas; I hope that this collection will do the same for you, and the Bibliography is a good place to start.

There will be no further "bootleg" editions of Calvin & Hobbes, at least from me, but I always have new projects in the works. My first publication was a book called The Hardcorel Punk Guide to Christianity, and it was intended for a very narrow audience of hids involved in the underground punk rock/hardcore scene. If you're interested in reading it for some reason, you can order is from AK Press (PO Box 40682, San Francisco CA 94140-0682). I also did some writing for a punk rock/hardcore magazine called Inside Front (latest issue available from Crimethluc address in this book). Keep in touch with me and I'll let you know what's up. But please, don't just let your appreciation (or loathing) of this book become another excuse for consumption. Create your own books and magazines and songs and paintings. One of the most popular untruths in this society is that only certain kind of people can be writers or artists - no, everybody can write and draw and sing and paint and create. Get started today!

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calvin and HoppEs Guide to Daily Life

edited by Robin Banks

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An Incomplete, Suggested Bibliography

#### Dedication

This book is especially for Emma Black (a.k.a. zilch, KiraGrrrl, Ann Arki, riot brat, Mama Bezr) Thank you for everything. This book - and its editor! - wouldn't exist without you.

It is also for Jim Bear, Paul F. Maul, Brian Diablo, Lydia Eccles, NictraChe Guerara, Gloria Cuban: Nadia C., EM. Dixon, August Spies, and all Crimethine workers, agents, and affiliated cells

This book is for any kid, no matter what age, who always suspected that there

Most of all, it is for Calvin and Hobbes - and Bill, of course

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- this is not the beautiful layout that MR. originally created... this is a sloppy shrunken to save paper and distribute more widely. A

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robinbanks@disinfo.net

Contact the editor:

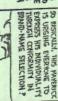
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lifestyles in addition to products, and ad companies are always on the lookout for a new rebellious lifestyle to sell alongside the sold efficiency, contentment, pride, and other intangibles similar to "artirude." What's different is that we are now sold entire Consumer-level advertising has hardly ever just sold the product itself. Ads from twenty, fifty, or even one hundred years ago latest new rebellious product — thus the proliferation of hip-hop and "alternative" music in modern advertising.



tion between the work which dominates our daily lives and the products which we all think we must have. Without the work, we can't afford the products; without the products, what's the point of working so much? You can always count on Hobbes to see right through our human attempts to sell lifestyles to each other. There is a deep connec-

#### Afterword

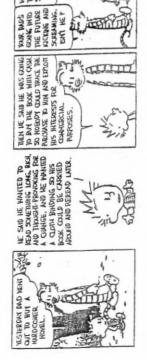
book is still going to cost plenty to reproduce, but not nearly as much as one with double the pagecount. price (if any price at all), I soon realized that photocopying costs would quickly become prohibitive. As it is, a thirty-six-page highlighted here that I wanted to include them all. However, because this book is supposed to be a cheap bootleg with a very low This book was originally sixty-odd pages long. There are so many great Calvin & Hobber strips which are televant to the themes

offs intended for a daily chuckle and nothing more. If you over a large number of the Calvin & Hobber books (I think there are (while remaining funny and original, of course). When I first started this project I was concerned that I might have been imposfor example, not to mention television and so forth. were so many strips that criticized television, the workplace, school, and pollution that they couldn't have been incidental oneing my own agenda on Bill Watterson's creation. Now that the editing is nearly complete, I realize that this is not the case. Then deleted a lot of the strips that I wanted to include because they were clearly repeating the same idea expressed by another strip ourteen of them), take a few hours to slip through them. You'll be amazed at the sheer number of strips criticizing modern art,

the most wonderful thing about Calvin & Hobber, more so than the critiques of television or school. nities we have malls and chatrooms. I could go on but I think you get the point — Calvin's unlimited imagination is probably woods we drive our SUVs through paved parks. Innead of creating our own music we head for the CD store, Instead of comm tion with dinosaurs. We adults, on the other hand, have had our imaginations bought and resold. Instead of hiking in the wild replace his transmogrifice. He might put a Jurassie Park lunchbox on his Christmas list, but he would never give up his faveina What would Calvin think of the latest in video game technology? It might occupy his attention for a while, but it could never and structure of compulsory schooling. Of course, those same impulses are kept at hay when they enter the workplace as well. laids live in a world like this for many years until their creative, adventurous impulses are strangled out of them by the discipline number of strips to choose from. That theme is imagination, A great deal of Calvin's life is spent within an immense inaginary world filled with creativity and adventure: Spaceman Spiff, the transmogrifier, Tracer Bullet, the dinosaurs ... I think most young There was a separate theme that I wanted to include here but just couldn't for many reasons, not the least of which was the vast



Calvin's dad was criticizing corporate culture way before it was cool to do so. Is it really a good idea for everybody to have the exact same cultural reference points?



Calvin's dad is dearly some kind of subversive Luddite terrorist - see the next page for another example.



#### Introduction

by Robin Banks

I grew up reading Calvin & Hobber, As a kid, I thought it was the best comic strip in the entire newspaper, right up there with Bloom County, I wasn't old enough to fully appreciate Dooneebury but I was smart enough to realize that The Funity Circus, Bloudis, Huger the Horrible, Bretle Bailey, the Lockborns, Wizard of Id, and B.C. were all terrible pieces of shit drawn by either washed-up relies or sterile syndicate staffers. And yet Calvin & Hobber managed to be funny and insightful and original nearly every single day. It was also, hands down, the best Sunday strip.

later, I found our that Bill Watteron, the creator of Calvin & Hobbe, was a unique kind of cartooniut. Against all odds, against all expectations, he fiercely resisted the licensing (commodification) of his creation. In The Calvin & Hobbe Trink Anniversary Book (published by Andrews and McMeel), Watterson explained his decision. He believed that "licensing despena the original creation"—that filling store stelves with a million Calvin & Hobbes knockoff products would make the strip seem like just mouther commercial tie-in instead of an artistic creation with its own merit. Watterson also felt that taking the unwork out of context (like on a T-shirt or coffic mug) was disrepectful to the medium. He wrote, "I don't want some animation studio giving Hobbes an actor's voice, and I don't want some greeting card company uning Calvin to wish people a happy anniversary, and I don't want to get cappy comic character commercialism, to write the Foreword to one of his books after expressing these opinions about licensing.)

NIMI IF HE'S TURNING INTO SOME KIND OF SUBNETCINE? I wish I could quote Watterson's arguments against licensing and commercialization at length, because they are not only relevant to Calvin & Hobber but to all kinds of things in our daily lives. Our romantic desires are re-told to us as commercials for perfume and diamond rings ... our need to excepe from civilization is re-packaged as an SUV advertisement ... our unge to revolt in captured and displayed as a "rebellious" music video or band T-shirt. Watterson's resistance to this omnipresent onlaught of commodification is noble and admirable. Unfortunately, many people have successfully bootlegged Calvin in many ways.—the worst example I can think of it that nearly ubiquitous "Calvin peeing on a logo" sticker that vou see in the back windows of pickup trucks driven by extremely stupid people. I imagine that fill Watterson, whenever he sees one of those stickers, must grit his teeth with rage and physically resist an urge to smash into whoever has the thing on display, (Bill, if you're residing this, remember that it's unhealthy to suppress your natural urges for too long. Go ahead and do it's)

Which brings me to this book. Why create a "new" Calvin & Hobba book years after the fact — especially an unauthorized bootleg edition like this one? First of all, I am ecrtainly not doing this to make money. If you paid money for your copy of this book, you should have been paying only for photocopying and distribution expenses, because I am certainly not making any money bere, nor do I want to.

My main goal was to collect my bronite strips and unite them with commentary about their relevance to daily life. So many comic strips are nothing but cheep gags (and that's OK as long as they're fanny — like The Far Side), but Calvin & Hobbes was always about more than just a dally chuckle while reading the newspaper. As Watterson says, "All strips are supposed to be entertaining, but some strips have a point of view and a serious purpose behind the jokes." I wanted to emphasize this point of view, at least in the way that I interpreted it.

Watterson, more so than any other cartoonist I can think of, was highly critical of modern life. You'd have to start reading books by John Zerzan or Wendell Berryto find authors who were more skeptical of widely accepted tenets like the benefits of "civilization," the necessity of work and althout and the irrelevance of wild nature. Watterson may not have been as thorough or thoughtful as more "serious" writers (how could hel it was a comic strip!), but then again, the North American English-speaking world didn't read homilies by Zerkan or Berry on a daily basis — they read Calvin & Hobber, and I like to think that at least on some level they were affected by it.

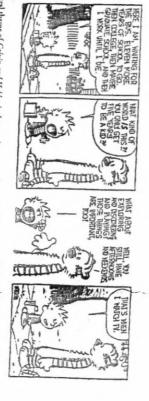
Novadays it seems like more and more people are willing to criticize everything that we take for granted. I remember Bill Watterson as being one of the first people! Eucountered who was willing to do this, and I wanted to bring his great work back into the picture with this volkectida. Not everythody is satisfied with The Way Things Are, least of all my good friend Calvin and his tiger. Hobbes, Thank you, Mr. Watterson, for introducing them to us all.

- Robin Banks, December 2000





Work



A central theme of Calvin and Hobber is the omnipresence of unwanted daily duties such as work and school. Calvin sums up this theme in the very first frame. When do we ever get a chance to explore and discover and play, outside of an extremely limited allotment of "holiday" or "vacation" time? Calvin intuitively understands that life should be an adventure, yet he falls into the same trap that many of us do, wasting away what little free time he has with mental analysthetics like television.



Susie knows that work takes away from your daily life. We spend all day separated from our loved ones, and then when we finally reunite we are too exhausted and stressed out to do anything but heat up frozen dinner and compete for the best "work day at work" story. Even on our few days off we are spending our time recovering from our jobs and not enriching ourselves and our relationships. The best we can do it yearn for some vacation time, or secretly hope to get fired.



Andy Warhol once said that everybody would be famous for fifteen minutes, and this prediction seems to be coming true. Now anyloody can get on TV if their lives are dramatically tragic enough. Our vast communications networks devote their energies to vamplifically feeding off of misery and ignorance — then turning around and selling it right back to us. And we buy it.



It's much easier in find mesonerizing junk on television than it is in learn something important about your life. You can surf channels for a thousand hours and never learn about anything which will have a significant impact on you personally. Why are we to fascinated by the ups and downs of other people's private lives? Is it because it helps us to forget or overlook our own?



In addition to television programs and magazines which attempt to reach the broadest possible audience by focusing on the lowest common denominator, there are also "narroweast" media which try to dominate a very small segment of the population by turning lifestyles into commodities. Calvin's Chewing magazine could very well be Bicycling, or Gardening, or Caraoning.



How can you be having fin unless the "experts" have confirmed the value of your Fun Index 190? People who choose unusual meant of recreation are often deritively ordered to "get a life"—which translates to "have fun in a more marketable way;" What's more fun—to aled down a hill in a quiet forest, or to enter an "extreme" (nowloarding competition with \$5000 worth of logo-plastered clothing and equipment?



were actually full of relaxation and luxury. Calvin's idea of luxury is running around naked in the woods with Hobbes, splashing We usually think that "primitives" had miserable lives, but recent research has demonstrated that so-called primitive societies in the mud, eating food provided by Nature, and counting the stars at night. The modern idea of luxury is working forty or more hours a week so we can buy trinkets to occupy our "Free" time. Which idea sounds more like luxury to you?



know this when you're trying to get a job and survive." But the child may reply, "To me, the 'big picture' is that life is brief and living?" And the adult shall have no reply except for the usual work-ethic platinides, and perhaps an acknowledgement that the A child may ask, "Why do I have to learn thia?" The adult replica, "Look at the 'big picture" — in several years you'll need to unpredictable. On your deathbed, will it console you to know that you spent your time preparing to live instead of actually trade of life for future security is a risky one at best.



I THINK NE MIGHT ALL LEARN A LESSON FROM HOM THIS UTTERLY UNIQUE. AND EXQUISITE CRISTAL...

CHIN SINKS IN, TUL BE LEAVING YOU DRIPS AND GOING OUTSIDE. AND NOW, WHILE THE ANALDGY "TURNS INTO AN ORDINARY, BORING HOLECULE OF WATER JUST LIKE EVERY OTHER ONE, MIEN YOU BRING IT IN THE CLASS ROOM,

One of the many drawhacks of forced schooling is that it imposes a single learning method upon diverse groups of kids who may leam disterent things at disterent rates and in disterent ways. The kids who fall behind are considered "slow" or "stupid" when in appear too successful in the classroom. As a result, their behavior is homogenized, and the teachers come to treat entire classes as if they were all the same. Calvin's impulse to resist this homogenization has been echoed by innovative teachers around the world fact it may be the teaching technique that is inadequate. Kids recognize this, and thus there is great pressure for them not to who realize that compulsory education and one-size-fite-all teaching styles are hurting, not helping.

REFUSES TO BE TAMED. IT DOES WHATEVER IT WANTS AND ACTS LIKE PROPLE DONT IT MON'T CONFIRM MATURE BOBSHIT CARE IF PEOPLE LIVE OR DIE. IT HATTER.



# the Environment





Calvin and Hobbes spend a lot of time in nature — wandering in the woods, making snow forts, splashing in streams — so of endangered species, no less) while Calvin's youthful indignance often spurr the two friends to action. Perhaps if more of us felt course environmental issues are very important to them. Hobbes sometimes offers his unique perspective as an animal (an doser to nature, more of us might be inclined to action too.

THIS SIGN SNS, "FUTURE SITE OF SHADY ACKES	Ci. n	WE W
NEEE USED TO BE LOTS OF ARMAIS IN THESE WINDS WAN ITS		
HEY! NHAT HAPPENED TO THE TREES HERE! NHD CLEARED OUT THE WOODS!		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

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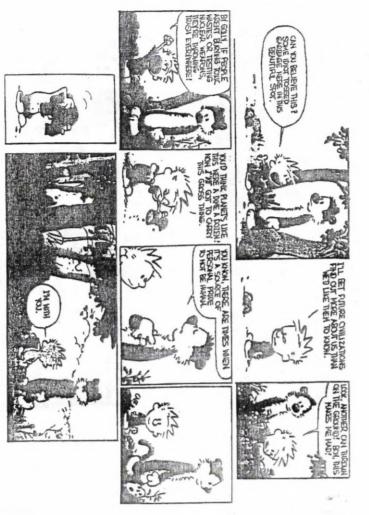
As usual, Calvin and Hobbes see that the empetor is truly wearing to dothee. Have you ever noticed that subdivisions are often nor parks. Several years ago there used to be a heavily wooded area outside of Louisville where an old monastery named after St. Thomas stood in the middle of a large field. And the name of the subdivision that replaced it all? "The Woods of St. Thomas." named after the things they replaced? In Louisville, Kentucky, there is a neighborhood named Deer Park that has neither deer



They were this close to taking dramatic action against suburban sprawl. If only Hobbes had known how to hotwise a bulldozet Seriously, though—how can we expect to maintain a decent environment if we continue to expand indefinitely? Eath year we manage to chip away at our wilderness and soon we'll be left with nothing. What can we do to stop this—or better still, to reserve it?



Ah, progress. Ponds take decades to form, forests take centuries, mountains take milleanis — and yet we humans can destroy them within a relatively short amount of time. Dam it, deforest it, decapitate it ... all in the name of progress. But is this really progress? And would be better off refusing to inherit the world, or working to change as much of it as we can?







Forced schooling is often the cause of many kids' dramatic, even violent fantasies. We wouldn't be surprized if prisoners fantasized about escaping from prison — why are we bothered when kids (who are natural fantasizers to begin with) create extreme "escape from school" scenarios or even express their desire to destroy their schools? Trenagers cut classes or even skip school all the time, despite the many severe punishments awaiting them. Maybe there is a natural impulse to freedom there that's better off unquashed?



Even if Calvin had expressed his opinion in a more acceptable way, would the response have been any different? Not really. He probably got the usual fecture which amounts to something like this: "Learning is boring and life is boring. It's hard work and you better get used to it." This is a lie. Learning, like life, can be an amazing and aversome adventure instead of a deadly dull duty, but not when you're forced to do it in a homogenized, compulsory-education setting.



The newspapers are full of examples of kids who are disciplined for simply expressing themselves and/or criticizing the existing characteristical stratus quo. Education ought to be about exploring alternatives and new ideas, but because compulsory schooling requires plenty of "law and order," any natural inquiries or critiques of Things As. They Are must be suppressed.



Kids have a natural desire to learn. For example, Calvin (like a lot of kids) is a veritable encyclopedia of facts about dinosaurs, space, the environment, or whatever other topic strikes his fancy. But in school he's forced to learn things that bore him — and the worst part is that compulsory schooling will probably ruin a lot of potentially rewarding activities for Calvin, like reading and writing. Why not let kids learn what they want to learn, when they want to learn lift.



Instead of treating the act of writing as a vibrant means of expression, kids lears to consider it a chore. They fill essays with long words and rangents designed to inflate their page/word count, and when they move into the workplace they do the same thing with memos, forms and reports. Thanks to the arbitrary requirements of compulsory achooling, writing is considered best when it becomes its opposites an obfuserating mire of depressing jargon instead of a beautiful, powerful method of communication.



It's the same problem Calvin likes to pose to his dad; it's a beautiful day, full of magic and opportunity, and yet its opportunities are aquandered due to forced duties. What Calvin doesn't realize is that he can still take advantage of days like this if he would feat all his parents into allowing him to homeschool—an option we've been taught to qualider unthinkable, or at the very feat an option exercised only by finge extremists.



Calvin sums up the problems with the testing obsession shared by all advocates of forced schooling. Testing utterly fails to reflect the complexity of human beings and their various strengths and weaknesses. Ultimately they only reveal either our capability for memorization or obedience... in other words, our ability to be good workers. And training for the workplace is what compul.



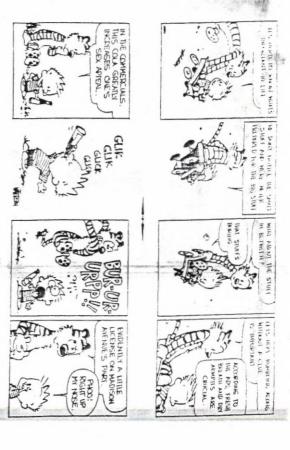
### the Media





For all of his complaining about compulatory schooling, and all of his teasing about the demands of the workplace. Calvin sometimes falls into a very common trap; wasting his 'free time' with consumption and absorption of messages urging him to consume even more. As Hobbes points out in another strip (not reproduced in this collection), there are many things we could be doing instead of watching TV, like reading a book, writing a letter, or taking a walk. We could be playing music, learning a new stall, exploring unfamiliar territory, visiting neighbors, or creating our own comic strips.

8



is sold as a necessity — without dry armpits or the correct cola, you cannot possibly succeed in this modern world. Do we really product introduced on the market is hailed as "revolutionary" -- or crucial to our daily lives in some significant way. The examples Calvin brings up (fresh breath, dry armetis, and cola) are by no means exceptions to this rule. Nearly everything for sale instead of informing us about facts and ideas which may affect our daily lives to dramatic, even permanent ways. Every other Modern media exist to inform us, it's true -- but more and more they are merely informing us about new products to buy need all of this stuff?



then we will have achieved the kinds of rather you can never make while elocking in and our for 40 hours a week and tell" are all work, in a way. If we can somehow refocus our fives so that our chosen become it also the way we make a living ceives the world work is when you get things done, achieve your goals, and suive for acgatherer lifestyle, but we can certainly learn from our ancestors' many compos successful existence. We don't have to think of their activities in the same place, with the same people, often in the same breath. Obviously we can't return to a simple hunter the time to work, to earn money, to make a living; and this is the time to out," do nothing, achieve nothing, and the human condition. But it isn't. For the your family. Humans have lived this way for hundreds of years and so we think of this dichotomy as a perfectly natural aspect of Numadays we think of "work" and "letture" (or "play") as two separate events. Our lives are nearly divided into sections "work" as a time for energy and productivity and "leivure" as a reparate time for joy and pleasure. But this is how Calvin per uraction, his exensive research inc. street for nothing. What Calvin doesn't realize is that his grandouse plans for snow fort the tection bality of Tyranna usands of years, long before the idea of a "workplace" came to be, humans did all of uness Rex, and his efforts to outdo himself during "show play, to enjoy yourself, to be happy and content, to love umplishment, leisure is when you "veg - thir is



HERE QUIETLY GRAZHINE UP
HERE QUIETLY GRAZHINE UP
HERE HITH MY OHN DAD,
HOCS ALWANS HORKING. STORY OF THE NYSULAL FAMP (Fig. 1), THE MEET SHUTT FLAND (Fig. 2), AND THE EVIL PATENT INFORMSEMENT.



don't spend time with your leved ones then they won't be your loved ones any more, but if you don't work a certain and and family - while facing unsympathetic bosses who feel that the workplace should be the priority hours, you won't be able to provide for your loved ones. Working people are always trying to find the right balance between work Should you work more ... or spend "special time" with your loved ones? It's a dilem ma that nearly everybody will face. If you to nam









when, if he can successfully lower his stress levels and recover his creative energy, he (Does Calvin's dad ever call in sick on days like this? Would you?) Calvin loves to harras his dad about life in the workplace family or absorb the non-work world around him. Is this any way to live? Calvin's dad works to help support his family, and yet he can't spend time with them; all he can do is wait for the weekends can try to spend some quality time



School